"Persistent identifiers (PIDs) for connecting research output, researchers & research funders"



Nabil Ksibi
ORCID Engagement Lead Global Direct
https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3226-7485
n.ksibi@orcid.org











What's a PID?

A persistent identifier (PI or PID) is a long-lasting reference to a document, file, web page, or other object.

RINGOLD



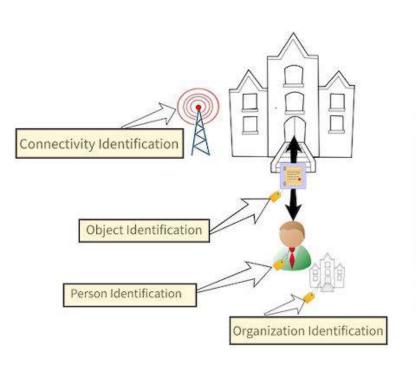




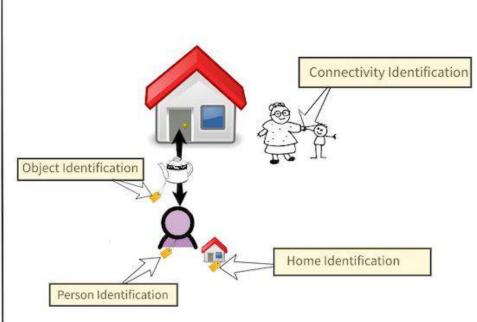


PIDs as Open Science Enablers

Open Science for organizations



Open Sharing in a neighborhood





UNESCO Recommendations (Article 9)



Search for:



About Services Collections Explore Resources Related Repositories

Open science infrastructures refer to shared research infrastructures (virtual or physical, including major scientific equipment or sets of instruments, knowledge-based resources such as collections, journals and open access publication platforms, repositories, archives and scientific data, current research information systems, open bibliometrics and scientometrics systems for assessing and analysing scientific domains, open computational and data manipulation service infrastructures that enable collaborative and multidisciplinary data analysis and digital infrastructures) that are needed to support open science and serve the needs of different communities. Open labs, open science platforms and repositories for publications, research data and source codes, software forges and virtual research environments, and digital research services, in particular those that allow to identify unambiguously scientific objects by persistent unique identifiers, are among the critical components of open science infrastructures, which provide essential open and standardized services to manage and provide access, portability, analysis and federation of data, scientific literature, thematic science priorities or community engagement. Different repositories are adapted to the specificity of the objects they contain (publications, data or code), to local circumstances, user needs and the requirements of research communities, yet should adopt interoperable standards and best practices to ensure the content in repositories is appropriately vetted, discoverable and reusable by humans and machines. Open innovation testbeds including incubators, accessible research facilities, open license stewards, as well as science shops, science museums, science parks and exploratories, are additional examples of open science infrastructures providing common access to physical facilities, capabilities and services. Open science infrastructures are often the result of community-building efforts, which are crucial for their long-term sustainability and therefore should be not-for-profit and guarantee permanent and unrestricted access to all public to the largest extent possible



Why PIDs?

"The issue of citation standards became important in the online world as well. Studies have shown that within a few years of being cited, a significant percentage of web addresses go "dead"!"





PIDs for Organizations!



ROR stands for "Research Organization
Registry"—a community-led project to develop an open, sustainable, usable, and unique identifier for every research organization in the world.
Recently introduced to the community officially.



GRID is the Global Research Identifier Database and releases IDs and metadata under a CC-1 license(Retired).



The Legal Entity Identifier is a unique global identifier for legal entities participating in financial transactions.

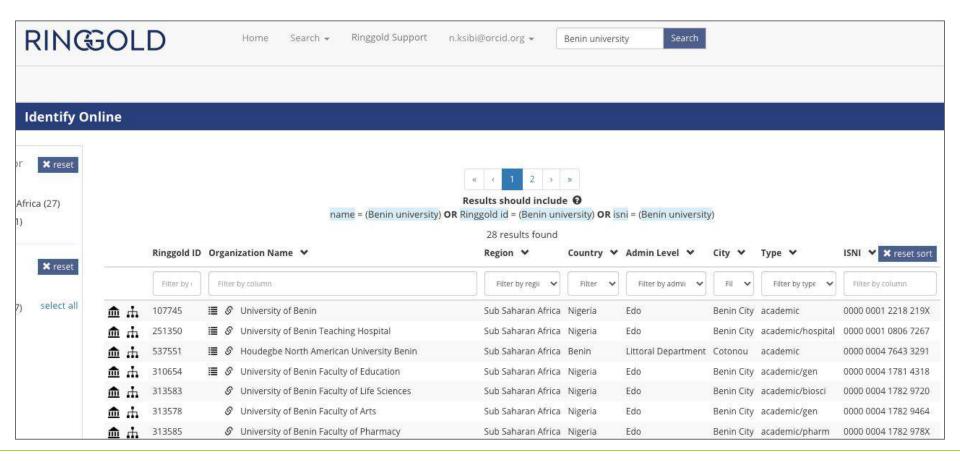


Ringgold is a registration agency for ISNI, and the Ringgold database include cross-walked ISNI organizational identifiers.



Why PIDs for Organizations?

Example: University of Benin





PIDs For Contributors!

Staff homepages



In **About me** if you have ORCID, Scopus and ResearcherID profiles the badges linking to these should appear. If not, contact your Library Services Team.

Under **Social Media Links** badges for Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, YouTube, Google Scholar and Instagram can be added to your staff home page.

For help with your staff home page visit the links below:

University of South Australia libguide



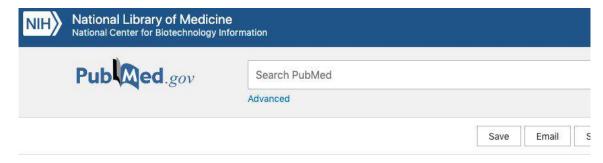


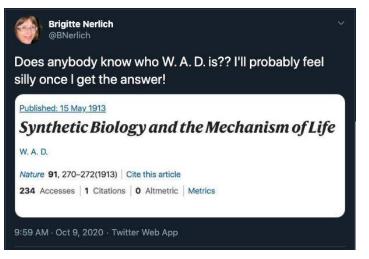
12 Million ORCID iDs and counting...



Source: https://guides.library.unisa.edu.au/Networking/Profile

Why PIDs for Contributors?





Guideline > Autophagy. 2016;12(1):1-222. doi: 10.1080/15548627.2015.1100356.

Guidelines for the use and interpretation of assays for monitoring autophagy (3rd edition)

```
, Bo Wang 1952, Caihong Wang 128, Chao-Yung Wang 1953, Chengshu Wang 1954, Chenran Wang 435, Chuangui Wang 1955, Dong Wang 1956, Fen Wang 1957, Fuxin Wang 1958, Guanghui Wang 1959, Hai-Jie Wang 1960, Haichao Wang 1961, Hong-Gang Wang 1962, Hongmin Wang 1963, Horng-Dar Wang 1964, Jing Wang 1965, Junjun Wang 1966, Mei Wang 872, Mei-Qing Wang 1967, Pei-Yu Wang 1968, Peng Wang 332, Richard C Wang 1969, Shuo Wang 1970, Ting-Fang Wang 1690, Xian Wang 1971, Xiao-Jia Wang 1972, Xiao-Wei Wang 1973, Xin Wang 1974, Xuejun Wang 1975, Yan Wang 324, Yanming Wang 1976, Ying Wang 1977, Ying-Jan Wang 1978, Yipeng Wang 1245, Yu Wang 1979, Yu Tian Wang 1980, Yuqing Wang 992, Zhi-Nong Wang 1981, Pablo Wappner 1982, Carl
```



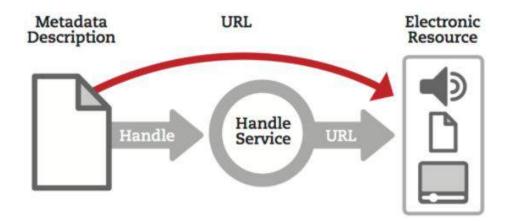
Source: https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26799652/

PIDs For Contributions!















Source: http://www.persid.org/downloads/Pl-intro-2010-09-22.pdf

PIDs for Systems Interoperability and Open Research "ready" Infrastructure!

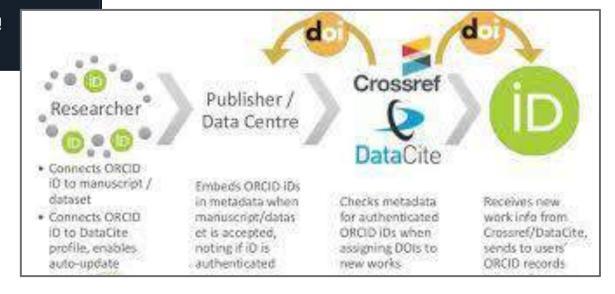


I don't mind my manuscript getting rejected after peer review. But I do mind when I can't even log into the damned journal submission site!

FFS, can ALL journals please allow us to log in with a single ID (like @ORCID_Org)!

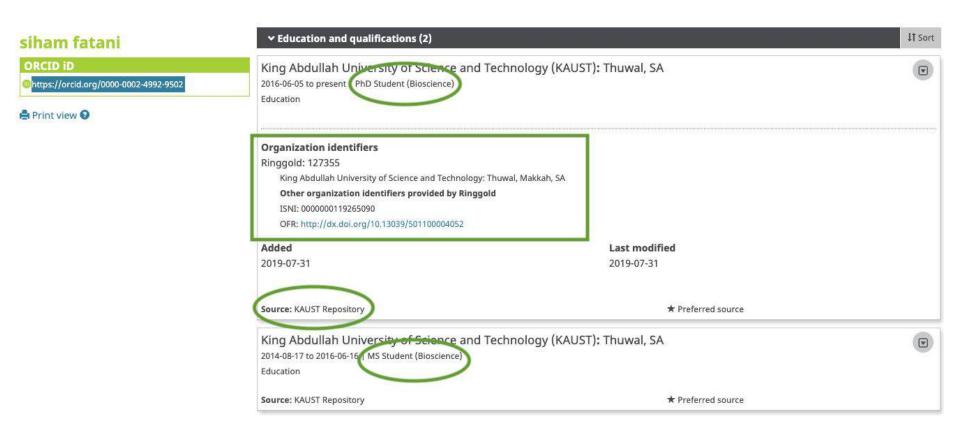
AUTHORS DON'T HAVE TIME FOR THIS BS!!

4:32 AM · Sep 16, 2020 · Twitter Web App











→ Works (3 of 3) If Sort Identification and characterization of Cellulase Genes functioning in the Red Sea 2019 | conference-poster HANDLE: 10754/655756 URL http://hdl.handle.net/10754/655756 Added Last modified 2019-07-05 2019-07-26 Source: KAUST Repository * Preferred source Isolation and Characterization of Cellulase-Producing Microorganisms in the Red Sea • 2019 | dissertation-thesis DOI: 10.25781/KAUST-80SCK

* Preferred source

•

Investigation and Isolation of Cellulase-Producing microorganisms in the Red Sea

2016 | supervised-student-publication

DOI: 10.25781/KAUST-2IM45

HANDLE: 10754/609149

HANDLE: 10754/660144

Source: KAUST Repository

PIDs Initiatives and Drivers































How to get involved with ORCID?

Researchers, research institutions, publishers and funding bodies routinely face the problem of accurately linking research publications, data and other research activities to the right researcher. A unique persistent identifier resolves problems of name ambiguity in search and discovery and can ensure that works are correctly and unambiguously attributed to their creator. ORCID solves this long-standing problem by providing a persistent digital identifier (ORCID ID) that distinguishes each researcher. Identifiers are a basis for digital data governance because they enable machine readability, disambiguate and enforce uniqueness, and enable accurate attribution and data integration.

Figure 2. New Zealand ORCID Joint Statement of Principle, 2015.



NRF ORCID Statement

The NRF requires that all researchers and students applying for funding and rating at the NRF have an ORCID* identifier.

The NRF is in the process of integrating the ORCID identifier into all application and grant management business processes and systems and will allow researchers to include their ORCID identifier when updating their CVs. The NRF is also considering the downstream integration benefits to both researchers and the NRF including automated processes for uploading research output records into a researcher's profile and annual research reports.

A unique identifier, as provided by ORCID and which researchers can associate with their name variations and their research works, is a way to ensure that these links can be made accurately and reliably. This will help researchers to uniquely identify themselves as the author of their work across all systems integrated with the ORCID registry.

The NRF membership of ORCID ensures that researchers and their institutions will benefit from access to and integration with the ORCID registry, including setting up and maintaining disambiguated records for all researchers and linking these to their publications and other research outputs, leading, in turn, to a simpler, more reliable evaluation process.

ORCID is an international, interdisciplinary, open and not-for-profit organisation created in 2010 for the benefit of all stakeholders, including research organisations, research funders, publishers and researchers. We aim to transform the research ecosystem by providing a registry of persistent unique identifiers for researchers and scholars and automating linkages to research objects such as publications, grants and patents (www.orcid.org)



Recognizing Our Consortia Lead Organizations



Submitted by Alice Meadows on Mon, 2019-06-03 00:00

Consortia are fundamental to ORCID -- they enable broad adoption of ORCID with attention to local context. They help us maintain a small staff and in turn we can pass on low membership costs. Together, our consortia lead organizations support about 70% of our members, and help us better understand an address community challenges and opportunities.

At our recent consortia workshop in Atlanta, USA, we were delighted to recognize the contributions of six consortia lead organizations that have significantly helped grow and support the ORCID community.







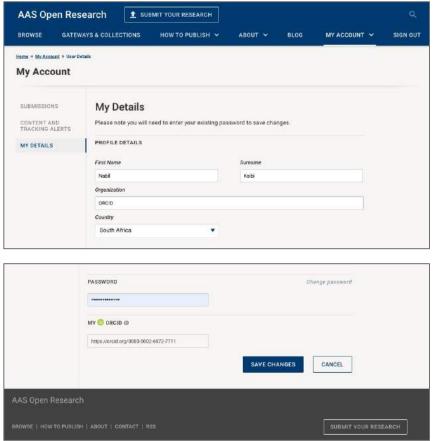
Above, left to right: Award-winners Sheila Rabun and Celeste Feather of LYRASIS (center), Wesley Barrey of TENET (left), and Pål Axelsson of SUNET (left)



Integrations in funding and grant management systems









Bring Your Own Infrastructure (BYOI) - Intembeko Hub and SeemlessAccess







Hub info ≠



Welcome to Intembeko, the South African ORCID hub

The Intembeko ORCID Hub will connect research staff and students with the organisations where they study, are employed, or that they receive funding from.

Staff and students can use the Hub to give permission to their institution(s) to access their ORCID records and, in return, South African ORCID Consortium members can use the Hub to assert these relationships in their staff, students', and recipients' ORCID records.

If you are new to ORCID and would like to find out the benefits you can get from creating an ORCID record, you can read about the benefits for researchers.

For information about the South African ORCID Consortium see TENET's website.

FOR RESEARCHERS

The Intembeko ORCID Hub will help connect affiliation to your ORCID profile. So there is one less thing to type.

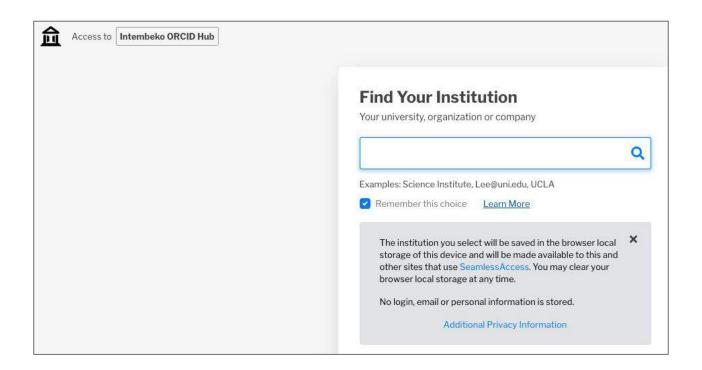
Read more

FOR INSTITUTIONS

The Intembeko ORCID Hub will help you connect trusted affilation to your researchers' ORCID profile.

Read more





SeamlessAccess is

a service designed to help foster a more streamlined online access experience when using scholarly collaboration tools, information resources, and shared research infrastructure. The service promotes digital authentication leveraging an existing single-sign-on infrastructure through one's home institution, while maintaining an environment that protects personal data and privacy.

The direction and implementation for the service came from the RA21 Initiative, a joint project of the International Association of STM Publishers and the National Information Standards Organization. While the origin of the effort was in the scholarly publishing and library communities, the applicability of SeamlessAccess is for all parties that want to use federated identity as part of their authentication and authorization workflows.





RA21: Resource Access for the 21st Century

Simple, Trusted Access - Anywhere, Anytime, on Any Device

Home What is RA21 - Blog Events Results FAQ

What is RA21

What is RA21?

Resource Access for the 21st Century (RA21) is a joint STM and NISO initiative aimed at optimizing protocols across key stakeholder groups, with a goal of facilitating a seamless user experience for consumers of scientific communication. In addition, this comprehensive initiative is working to solve long standing, complex, and broadly distributed challenges in the areas of network security and user privacy. Community conversations and consensus building to engage all stakeholders is currently underway in order to explore potential alternatives to IP-authentication, and to build momentum toward testing alternatives among researcher, customer, vendor, and publisher partners. For more answers to frequently asked questions, please see our FAQ.

About This Site

This work is brought to you by the International Association of Scientific, Technical, and Medical Publishers (STM) and the National Information Standards Organization (NISO). Website Privacy Policy.





Source: https://ra21.org/what-is-ra21/

NACOSTI RIMS Portal

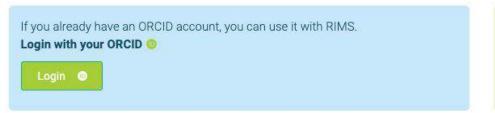
NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY & INNOVATION





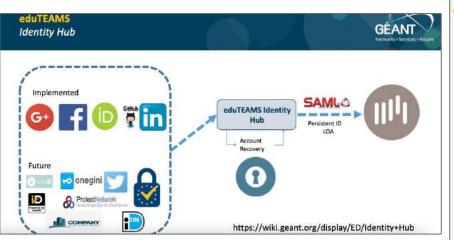
Home > Log In

NACOSTI is collecting your ORCID iD so we can link your ORCID iD with RIMS. When you click the "Authorize" button, we will ask you to share your iD using an authenticated process: either by registering for an ORCID iD or, if you already have one, by signing into your ORCID account, then granting us permission to get your ORCID iD. We do this to ensure that you are correctly identified and securely connecting your ORCID iD. Learn more about What's so special about signing in.





EOSC, EDUID and the Identity Hub



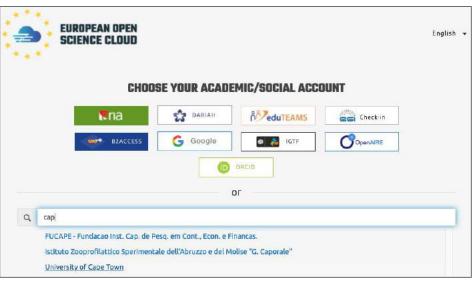


Table of Contents	mobile	Array[String]	true	Mobile phone number.
l. Representation of Affiliations and Jsers in SCIM	eduPersonNickname	Array[String]	true	Person's nickname.
2. Managing your organisation's users in SWITCH edu-ID with Affiliations 2.1. Get Affiliation 2.2. Get All Affiliations 2.3. Create Affiliation 2.4. Replace Affiliation 2.5. Delete Affiliation 3. Reading private identities 3.1. Get User	eduPersonOrcid	Array[String]	true	ORCID iDs are persistent digital identifiers for individual researchers.
	eduPersonOrgDN	String	true	The distinguished name (DN) of the directory entry representing the organization with which the person is associated.
	ou	Array[String]	true	Organizational unit(s).

The SWITCH edu-ID Affiliation API



Source: https://aarc-project.eu/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/aarc2_eduteams_overview.pdf
& https://api.eduid.ch/scim/docs/index.html#resources-affiliations-endpoint-test-qet-affiliation

UKRI Reviewer Recognition using ORCID

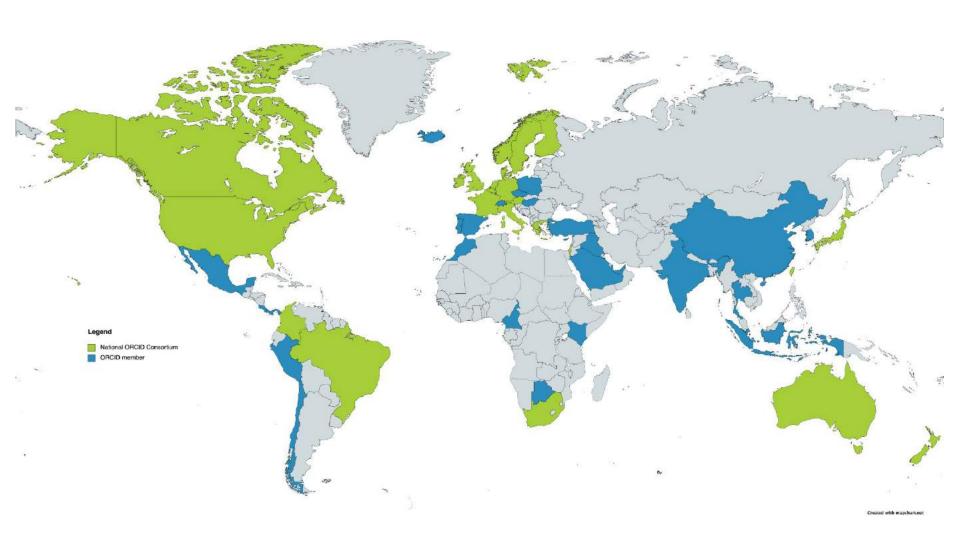


Je S Create Acco	at - Existing Account Check ■High Contrast Help Report Prot
Help	Existing Account Check
Contact Us Terms and Conditions System Help	n order to check that you do not already have a Je-S account, please enter your email address in the box below and click 'Account Check' f you have an ORCID identifier, you can also get that from the ORCID web site and we will check if you have an account linked to that ORCID identifier. If you do not have an ORCID identifier, you can also create ine.
Je-S v7.9.2 © Research Councils All rights reserved.	DRCID identifier: Create or connect your ORCID identifier from the ORCID web site Account Check
	Cancel



Source:

ORCID community





Source: mapchart.net

ORCID'S VISION IS A WORLD WHERE ALL WHO

PARTICIPATE IN RESEARCH, SCHOLARSHIP, AND INNOVATION

ARE UNIQUELY IDENTIFIED AND CONNECTED TO THEIR

CONTRIBUTIONS AND AFFILIATIONS ACROSS TIME,

DISCIPLINES, AND BORDERS.





MEMBERSHIP CATEGORIES

Member Benefit	Basic - NonProfit	Premium	Consortium		
API Access	(1)	(5)	(5) per consortium member		
Webhooks: API-based notifications	No	Yes	Yes		
Implementation support (email)	Yes	Yes - priority queue	Yes - via consortium lead, escalation to ORCID		
Analytics reports	2/annum (general)	Real-time	Real-time		
Orientation webinar to kick off project	1	Up to 2 per month	Consortium lead provides orientation; ORCID trains lead, sponsors global consortium workshop, provides information sharing platform		
Requirements and Pricing	 Consortium requirements at https://orcid.org/content/orcid-consortia Member details and price list at https://orcid.org/about/membership 				





Learn how to maximize #PID connections in your workflows and how open infrastructure providers are collaborating to make the world PIDder! Join our webinar on Sep 22, 2021 03:00 PM (UTC) co-hosted by @datacite, @CrossrefOrg, @ORCID_Org, and @ResearchOrgs.

datacite.zoom.us/webinar/regist...





Nagode! Imela! E se! Thank you!